The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1900 XXXIX—NO 40

IN SOUTH AMERICA

Mr. Lichtenwalter Tells About His Experience.

A POOR SORT OF COUNTRY.

The Farmers Have No Inducements to Improve Their Condition—Prices Are High and Methods of Living Primitive—No Land Like the United States.

Mrs. L. W. Lichtenwalter, of 43 Plum street, has received a number of interesting letters from her husband, who is now in South America, parts of which she has permitted THE INDEPENDENT to use for the benefit of its readers. Mr. Lichtenwalter is employed as a salesman by the Deering Harvester Company, of Chicago. He went to Europe last May, leaving for South America in September. He expects to return to Massillon about March 1. From Parana, Argentine Republic, Mr. Lichtenwalter writes under date of October 15, 1900:

It is all Spanish here. Only once in a while you find a man who can speak English or German. It is not the easiest thing in the world to travel where you cannot speak the language. I arrived here last night from Buenos Ayres. Going north here is just like going south in the states. This is a very tropical country. Orange and lemon trees are in full bloom. The season is, of course, early spring. The wheat is about eighteen inches high and ready to head out. It is a level country and, having had much rain this spring, the roads are almost impassable. The mud is like blue clay, and ankle deep. Buenos Ayres looks like a Northern city in its main part, but outside this it is a sorry looking country. The land is all owned by wealthy people and the farmers are only renters.

Their houses are only adobe or mud huts with shed roofs. The houses in the country towns are only one story high with flat roofs. This hotel is the best in the city (Hotel Francais). Living is cheap in the country, but in the hotels prices are from $6 to $8 per day You can't get a room for less than $2 50 per day, and then your meals cost from $2 to $3 apiece, and they are no better than those I get in the states for from 25 to 50 cents. But this country is more like America than any part of Europe. They know how to hitch up a horse here, which is something they have not learned in Europe yet. The water is not fit to drink: you can't always get beer or wine, and even when you can it does not quench thirst like good Stark county water.

I am writing this letter by the light of a tallow candle. Outside of Buenos Ayres there is no such thing as electricity or gas or oil lamps, and in some of the hotels they still use candles. The street cars are nearly all run by horses and instead of having a bell to ring, they have an ox horn with a mouth piece which they blow at every street crossing. They make a terrible racket and sound like those rubber whistles the children buy and blow at the Stark county fair. The more a man from the United States of America sees of this country the more he thinks of his own country. I will be home in February to eat fried mush.

Under date of October 22, Mr. Lichtenwalter writes from Valle de Maria: This is a little, dirty German-Russian colony. The hogs and cattle live better than the people, but they live better yet than the Spanish and Italians. Russia was a paradise compared with this country. In the first place, the country was settled by the scourings of Europe; then there is nothing to induce the farmer to try and improve his condition, the land being nearly all owned by capitalists in the city and in Europe, who take everything for rent, so that there is nothing left for the farmer. This country is bankrupt and so is nearly every farmer. Anything outside of a gold dollar is only worth 40 per cent. of the face, or, in other words, the rate of exchange is about 2.33, which means that if you have a gold dollar (of which you don't see many in circulation here) you get $2.30 for it in paper money. The business of the country is all done in paper money. There are many plagues and pests. This year a little worm is eating all the wheat, and there will not be more than half a crop left to cut.

From Crespo, Argentine, on Nov. 8 he writes: Yesterday I bought a pair of boots which cost me $10. Everything is very dear down here. There are no such things as cook stoves. The cooking is done over small fires such as our grandmothers used. When you have a peep at their cooking place you see a lot of pans and kettles that don't look as if they had seen water for ages. A tea kettle will serve to boil water, coffee, tea and anything else they can get into it. The houses have no chimneys and no floors except some which have brick or tile laid as a floor. The smoke goes out through the cracks and the door. Fuel is very scarce and dear. Wood is sold in the stores by the pound, and it is no uncommon sight to see a woman come in and buy ten cents worth of wood which will be about as much as three sticks of stove wood ready to go into the cook stove in our country.

Blacksmiths are the only people who have coal here and when you ask them where it comes from they say they don't know. The fact is, it comes from Europe and North America. They can talk all they please, but the United States is the only country on earth.

THE NATIONAL BOARD.

Massillon District Miners Have Candidate for Membership.

William Morgan, of East Greenville, member of the state executive board of the United Mine Workers, will go before the national convention of miners as the Massillon district candidate for member of the national executive board. State Secretary Savage, who was in the city the other day, being then on a tour of the state, said that Mr. Morgan was being generally endorsed by the other districts.

A CHRISTMAS GIFT.

Game Warden Makes One to the Hospital.

50 RABBITS CONFISCATED.

After Presenting Them to the Institution the Law is Found Not to Apply to Rabbits—Two Canton Parties Discharged and the Cases Dismissed.

W. G. Trug and Gust Ehret, of Canton, were arrested yesterday on an affidavit signed by Game Warden Dangeleisen charging them with unlawfully having rabbits in their possession. Both men are dealers in Canton, the former being the Armour representative and the latter being the proprietor of a fish stand. They had rabbits displayed at their places of business for sale and they were noticed there by the game warden. The affidavit was made and the men appeared before Justice Sibila this morning. Gust Ehret was represented by James A. Rice and Trug was represented by George Clark. The lawyers made a motion to quash the indictment on the ground that it was not contrary to the law to have rabbits. The law specified birds and nothing was said therein about rabbits. The motion was sustained by the justice and the cases were dismissed

The section of the statutes under which he men were arrested provides for the confiscation of the game by the warden and that they be presented to some state or other charitable institution. Game Warden Dangeleisen gathered up all the rabbits in the stores of both of the men arrested and carried them to this city, where he turned them over to the Massillon state hospital. This was done in good faith by Mr. Dangeleisen, but the outcome of the trial is a surprise to him and as a result he may be compelled to pay for the rabbits that he generously gave to the state. The dealers say that they had a right to have the rabbits and that they must be paid for. There were more than fifty taken in charge by the game warden and the amount will be in the neighborhood of $17. If he cannot succeed in selling them to the state Mr. Dangeleisen may have to pay for them himself. It was the first case of this kind which has ever come before the justice.

HE WAS A LANDED MAN.

G. W. Doll Owned 57,000 Acres—Also $30,000 Worth of Bonds.

Eli Doll, residing east of the city, has received a letter from his nephew, A. R. Huston, who recently went to Galveston, Tex., to inquire into the affairs of the late G. W. Doll, who met his death in the Galveston storm disaster. Mr. Huston has found that Mr. Doll owned 57,000 acres of land, 52,000 of which are in Mexico and 5,000 in Texas, more than half of the latter being on Galveston Island. The deceased also owned stocks and bonds amounting to over $30,000. These facts were taken from the report of the administrator of the estate. Besides Mr. Doll, thirteen of his relatives were victims of the Galveston calamity. The property will doubtless be divided among surviving relatives in this state and elsewhere.

New Telephone Subscribers.

The following subscribers have been added to the local exchange of the Massillon Telephone Company: U. H. Matthews, residence, 397; The Massillon & Cleveland Coal Co. office, 276; Chas. Hendricks, residence, 412; Wooley & Johnson, saloon, 419; E. S. Howells, residence, 174; John G. Davis, residence, 405; R. B. Crawford, jr., office, 418; John Paul, residence, 396; Dr. F. B. Williamson, office, 422; C. H. Swarms, residence, 426; J. E. Jordon, residence, 427; E. A. Hile, restaurant, 439; Albert J. Ellery; residence, 449; John H. Mannweiler, residence, 452; Philip Wuertz, residence, 407; Christ Schott, residence, 280; N. H. Willaman, (T. O. Poe), residence, 417; Massillon Paper Co. office, 117; Lee Walcutt, residence, 408; Dr. T. F. Reed, office, 410; Ellery's Bargain Store, 420; H. G. DeWeese, residence 421; Jac. Becker, residence, 424; Chas. W. Cupples, residence, 425; Amos Girod, cabinet shop, 430; Louis Bessler, West Brookfield, residence, 5,207; Wm. Baumgardner, North Lawrence, residence, LS203.

For Hoarseness.

Benj. Ingerson, of Hutton, Ind., says he had not spoken a word above a whisper for months, and one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice. Used largely by speakers and singers. Rider & Snyder.

"STRANGERS TO ME"

Thus Speaks the Heiress of Her Poor Relations.

SMITH HOPES BLASTED.

The Daughter of the Late "Petie Las 'em Fight" is Now Mrs. Clarence Smith, and She Says She Has No Interest in the Mother of 1886—Declares She Never Authorized the Letters of Inquiry.

"I never told anybody to look up the people who were once my relatives. I don't want to see them. They'd be like strangers to me. They sent me to the Home when I was eight, which showed they didn't care anything about me, and now I don't care anything about them. I don't feel as if I was one of them any more, and I'm not, leastways not according to law. I just 'lowed all 'long, though, that they'd turn up when they heard I'd come to have a little something." This is what the erstwhile

MRS. CLARENCE SMITH.

daughter of Mrs. Joseph Smith, of 31 Cliff street, formerly Mrs. Peter Hollander, said to a representative of THE INDEPENDENT, who called at her Columbiana county home Friday.

Singularly enough, the daughter's name is now Smith also. "I'm rich enough in names," she laughingly remarked. "First, when I was in Massillon, before going to the Home, I was Flora Alice Hollander, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hollander; then I became Blanche Cameron, adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Cameron, and now I'm Mrs. Blanche Smith, wife of Clarence Smith. I was married a little more than a year ago."

Mrs. Smith lives on a farm of 160 acres, one of the four which are practically hers, five miles from Salineville and one mile from Inverness, or Highlandtown, as it is more generally called. At Inverness, Miss L. Rose is assistant postmistress. It was from Miss Rose that Postmaster Koons received the letters asking for information as to the relations of the young woman who was at one time Flora Hollander. Miss Rose states in her letters that the young lady, whom she refers to as Blanche Cameron, would be glad to hear from her relatives and would doubtless do handsomely by them. Miss Rose declines to discuss the letters or to say at whose suggestion they were written, but it is believed that she acted in accordance with an expressed desire of Mrs. Smith's foster mother, who is now a resident of Toronto, O. Mrs. Smith, however, says: "It's no business of anybody's, and nobody has a right to do such a thing without authority from me."

Evidently there is no question as to the wealth of Mrs. Smith, nee Cameron, formerly Hollander. Her foster father, Malcolm Cameron, who died in November, 1899, left no will. The deceased's wife and the adopted daughter are his only heirs. Mr. Cameron left four farms, aggregating 440 acres, and about $14,000 in money. Clarence Smith superintends the tilling of 320 of the acres. The other 120 are situated in another part of the county, and are cultivated by renters. The land is all fertile, and its value is increased by the fact that much of it is underlaid by coal. On each farm are substantial buildings. The farm on which Mrs. Smith resides has the largest and most modern barn in the county. The residence is larger and better built than its neighbors, though it is by no means magnificent. The Smiths have been given to understand that this farm will be theirs, and they have adjusted themselves to the situation, with the admitted intention of spending the rest of their lives here. A. G. Smith, of Wellsville, is the administrator of the estate. Mrs. Cameron, the foster mother of Mrs. Smith, visits her and writes frequently, and it is generally accepted that the one-third of the property, which, under the law is hers, will, at her death, fall to the adopted daughter. The entire estate is worth about $40,000, so that, if this were not Mrs. Cameron's intention, her adopted daughter would be a very rich woman nevertheless.

"I can just remember being taken from Massillon to the Fairmount Home, at Alliance," said Mrs. Smith. "I was eight years old then. I am twenty-two now. A brother and sister were taken with me. Like myself, they were not in the Home long until they were adopted by different people. While in the Home I heard of my father's death. That was the last I ever heard of any of my relations. I don't even remember what any of them looked like, and I have no feeling of a daughter or sister toward them. It would only pain both them and me to be brought to live together. I gave a daughter's love to Mr. and Mrs. Cameron, who were kind to me, and they returned the feeling. I regard them as my parents, not those who threw me upon the world when I was eight years old."

Mrs. Smith was told that Postmaster Koons had written the assistant postmistress of Inverness that if the means were provided, Mrs. Smith, formerly Mrs. Hollander, the first mother she ever knew, would pay her a visit. "The means," said the daughter, "will not be provided. The letter will not be answered by me. If there is any visiting done I will do it myself. I would not want this Mrs. Smith, or whatever her name is, to come here. I'm sorry if they are poor, but I do not feel called upon to offer them anything. I don't want to appear hard-hearted, but now you wouldn't reach out a hand to people who are really strangers to you now, would you? Well, that's how I feel in this case. They never made any effort to find me when they thought I was poor. They washed their hands of me, and they needn't come to me now."

The Flora Hollander of 1886 has grown into a very comely young woman. She is small and dark, and of pleasing manner. It is not impossible for her, however, to say a sharp word. She was the belle of the country side previous to her marriage, and she has since developed into the model rural housewife. Mrs. Smith says she has no intention of visiting Massillon. She does not travel much. Besides she does not believe she would find pleasure among the scenes of her childhood. She would as soon forget it.

Mr. Smith, the husband, has been the typical country swain He has worked hard in his day, harder, in fact, than he ever will again. He says he is not much of a traveler, and that he will probably never visit this city.

"A MOTHER'S A MOTHER."

More Tears, Not of Joy This Time, Shed in the J. Smith Household.

When a reporter called at the Cliff street home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith, Saturday morning, they were discussing the good fortune which had befallen the daughter of 1886. All they had heard about the matter was that Florie, as Mrs. Smith called the heiress, was rich and was looking for them, and that they were willing to be found.

"And you say you saw my Florie?" queried Mrs. Smith. "And how is the child? How my mother's heart longs for her. And she really has all that money and them farms?"

"There's no question about that," replied the reporter, answering the last of the rapid-fire of questions. "Two of them adjoin each other, and each has a substantial residence—"

"Everything would be arranged just right. We could live on the one farm and be near our daughter all the time," here suggested Mrs. Smith. "I'm sure 'twould be no new experience to me, for I'm a farmer's daughter, and I know about the work of the farm, and Joe's been saying how he thought 'twould help his health if he could get into the coun—"

"Yes," said Mr. Smith, "I've done farming, too, so 'twould be all right for me. I've not been very well lately and I'm sure the country air would do me good."

"I would suggest," at last the reporter got in edgewise, "that you do not build too high on what you have heard Your daughter is married, and has affairs of her own. She disclaims connection with the letters of inquiry which brought this matter to your attention, and, though her heart may warm toward you if a meeting could be arranged, at sixty miles she certainly does not say much that is encouraging."

Mrs. Smith burst into tears. "If she'd turn me the cold shoulder now," she sobbed, "I wouldn't last no more'n twenty hours. I'm subject to spasms, and it's awful hard to get me outen them. Six men sometimes can't hold me. And if Florie'd turn the cold shoulder on me! No, no, she couldn't do anything like that. Not after all I have done for her. Brought her up till she was seven years old, and was always a good mother to her. Wa'n't my fault she was sent to the Home. You can ask anybody if I haven't been a good mother. I worked hard and I thought all along that I was receiving my reward at last. Think of it, sir, twenty-four years at the wash tub."

Mr. Smith is not an emotional man. "If there's nothin' comin', there's nothin' comin," said he philosophically. "But a mother's a mother, and a daughter's a daughter, and 'tain't nat'r'l for one to turn down the other. The other night a man says to me at the shop, 'Why, Joe, throw away that dinner-pail and go and live on the fat of the land, now that you have a rich daughter.' But I didn't, and for why? Because I knows there's slips between cups and lips. But a mother's a mother. I wonder how much 'twould cost to make a trip down there. Maybe if the daughter and mother could meet things might be better."

Many persons have had the experience of Mr. Peter Sherman, of North Stratford, N. H., who says: "For years I suffered torture from chronic indigestion, but Kodol Dyspepsia Cure made a well man of me." It digests what you eat and is a certain cure for dyspepsia and every form of stomach trouble. It gives relief at once even in the worst cases, and can't help but do you good. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Itchness of the skin, horrible plague. Everyone is afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure —Doan's Ointment. 50 cents.

NEW BOTTLE WORKS

Pottery to be Converted Into Glass Plant.

IN OPERATION BY MARCH

Ex-Postmaster F R. Shepley is One of the Chief Movers—The Company Will be Capitalized at $50,000—Nearly 150 People to be Employed

At a meeting of the executive committee of the board of trade on Friday afternoon at the Merchants National bank, a proposition was submitted by ex-Postmaster Felix R. Shepley, representing a number of men who propose to purchase the plant of the Massillon Stoneware Company, and convert it into a glass bottle works. The proposition was accepted. It provides for a cash bonus, which will be raised by subscription by a committee appointed for the purpose after Christmas.

The new company will be incorparated under the laws of Ohio, with a capital stock of $50,000, and work will be commenced immediately on one factory. Those interested hope to be making glass early in March. The second factory will be in operation by September 1. Thirty-six blowers and about one hundred others will be employed. William Geis has accepted a position with the new company. He will have charge of the factories Mr. Geis was formerly employed by Reed & Company and more recently by the Massillon Bottle and Glass Company.

The Massillon Stoneware Company now has about 100,000 pieces of ware on hand in stock at present, and will remain in business until all are disposed of. The manufacture of earthenware, however, will not again be resumed. The president of the stoneware company is A. H. Boerner. F. A. Vogt is the vice president, and F. R. Shepley is the secretary-treasurer. The new company will operate its works by day only.

The decision to convert the pottery into a glass works is of very recent date, as persons who recall Mr. Shepley's interview of a few weeks ago, in which he stated that to his knowledge no such plans were being considered, will observe.

FROM MASSILLON TO AKRON

Proposed Electric Line by Way of Turkeyfoot Lake.

The Akron Beacon-Journal of Wednesday says: "The plan to connect Akron, Massillon and Canton by an electric line assumes more definite proportions every day. At the time the subject was first broached it was proposed to connect a line running from Canton to Barberton with the Northern Ohio Traction Company's new line between Akron, Kenmore and Barberton at a point near the Barberton Inn, but later plans have changed this somewhat.

"It is now proposed to start the road at Gambrinus, a town midway between Canton and Massillon, on the Canton & Massillon electric line. The line will, it is said, run from there northwest to Turkeyfoot lake, where it will connect with the Northern Ohio Traction Company's line, which the latter will build from Kenmore. This will give a direct route from Gambrinus to Kenmore, and cover a territory heretofore untouched by an electric railway. That this plan is the most logical of any advanced so far is evident by a glance at the map, as a road can be built almost in a straight line to Kenmore, cutting off many miles from the route as first proposed. If Mr. Lynch's proposed road is built to Turkeyfoot lake to connect with the Northern Ohio Traction company's line, and a first-class summer resort is built there, the line would become one of the best paying ones in the northern part of the state."

"BELINDY HAS KUM."

Mr. Thompson Meets the Writer of His Extraordinary Letter.

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

Belindy has kum.

Yours truly,

FRED THOMPSON.

The above was received Thursday afternoon. Callers at Mr. Thompson's Walnut street residence later in the day, however, did not have the pleasure of meeting Miss Mayflower. "She has gone to Toledo," said Mr. Thompson, "and she won't be back till after Christmas. She said that letter what she wrote about having the blind staggers and the bots and wanting to get married was all a joke. She just wants to keep house."

Church Officers Elected.

Officers of the Christian church have been elected as follows: Deacons—L. J. Vogt, Fred Penfield Louis Good, Tom Davis, George Nesbitt, Louis Graybill, C. C. Klein, Albert Jacoby, Wm Sanborn, Moses Hughes.

Deaconesses—Mrs. Lavina Stowe, Mrs. Mary Nesbitt, Mrs. L. J. Vogt, Miss Anna Rogers.

Official Board—L. A. Koons, C. O. Carr, Wm. Howarth, Wm. Sanborn, Nellie Haverstack, Iva Sprankle, Viola Pepper, Ada Metz, Lee Graybill, Moses Hughes, Elton Rice, C. C. Klein.

A cold, cough or la grippe can be "nipped in the bud" with a dose or two of Foley's Honey and Tar. Beware of substitutes. There is nothing so good. Rider & Snyder.

A RUNAWAY CAR.

Kills Two and Wounds Two in a Doylestown Mine.

"At the mine of John Wagoner, near Doylestown, Friday morning, Harry and Fred Miner, aged 16 and 14, were killed. William, son of Jacob Sulzbach, was injured, and Peter Smith, aged 15, was hurt, by a runaway coal car A party of boys were going down the incline into the mine to work. The coupling chain of loaded car outside the mine broke as the men were shifting them and it dashed down the grade. The car was broken to kindling." The Miner brothers were killed instantly. The body of one was hurled upward and landed in the car. The other was thrown fifty feet. One mule was also killed. Young Smith received a broken arm and Sulzbach was cut on the head.

AFRAID OF HIMSELF

Fred Hose Asks to be Taken into Custody.

NOW IN STATE HOSPITAL.

First Requested the Mayor to Send Him to the Workhouse for Five Months—Mrs. Amy Holmes, of the Fourth Ward, Also Taken to the Asylum—Hers a Recurrent Case.

Frederick Hose, for a number of years sanitary policeman, and an almost lifelong resident of the city, was Saturday morning removed to the state hospital. "I am afraid of myself," said Hose to the mayor, on Thursday, "and I want you to send me to the workhouse for five months. I'll be safe there, and can't harm myself or anybody else. If I am free and my spells come on, I'll kill myself or somebody else."

Mayor Wise told him that it was an impossibility for him to send anybody to the workhouse without just cause. The next that was heard from Hose was that he had thrown a stone through a window of Earl Somers's saloon, in South Mill street. "I guess that'll give you cause to send me to the workhouse." Hose said to the officers when they arrested him. Instead, however, Probate Judge Aungst was summoned, and after an examination, ordered him taken to the state hospital. Mr. Hose, so his friends say, has not been himself for three years, or since the time he attempted suicide.

The causes for Hose's condition are not known, though it is stated that he has appeared to be unbalanced since his retirement from the health officer's staff. Hose lived in the fourth ward, and was in comfortable circumstances. Besides being the possessor of property, he had a regular income of $45 a month as pension. He lost an arm during the civi war.

ANOTHER CASE OF INSANITY.

Mrs. Amy Holmes, of the fourth ward, was also taken to the asylum Saturday morning. Mrs. Holmes was at one time an inmate of one of the Northern Ohio institutions, but was discharged as recovered. Lately she became possessed of the idea that her mission in life was to chop down her residence and, hatchet in hand, she was yesterday found thus busily engaged.

GOMPERS AND HAYES.

Both Leaders May be Present at Assembly Dedication.

The almost unanimous opinion of the delegates constituting the Trades and Labor Assembly is that the third floor of the new Sonnhalter building will be leased as a meeting place. The matter is now being voted on by the local unions. The discussion now is in regard to the dedication. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, will doubtless be invited to deliver an address on this occasion. Dennis Hayes, president of the glass bottle blowers' union, will probably also be asked to be present. Owing to the fact that Massillon is admittedly the home of more labor unions than any other city of its population in the state, and probably the United States, it is believed that almost any of the leaders can be prevailed upon to attend.

ILLINOIS VISITED.

DALTON CITY, Ill., Dec. 23.—[By Associated Press]—Four thousand dollars were secured last night by dynamiters from the Dalton City bank

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hystoria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

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THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Rammelin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Haskin's News stand in Navra Mill street.

UNION LABEL

MONDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1900.

It seems queer to think that an ability to devour eighty-five prunes at one sitting and swallow a bowl of molasses should be necessary to establish the "honorable" standing of our coming army officers, and yet such must be the case if we are to believe Colonel Mills, commandant of cadets at West Point, when he says that a certain amount of hazing is necessary and useful.

The generally satisfactory outcome of the annual convention of sub-district No. 3, of the United Mine Workers, is such as to call for a word of congratulation. The attendance was the largest in the history of the sub-district, the proceedings of the convention went forward with business-like promptitude, showing the existence of unanimity of feeling, and the choice of officers, including Robert Legg, of East Greenville, as president, and continuing in office Secretary-Treasurer John Morgan, of North Lawrence, assures the maintenance of the present usefulness and prosperity of the organization.

Members of the glassblowing fraternity did a big share of the work toward bringing about Republican victory in November because they recognized and appreciated the prosperity brought to their trade through the operation of Republican policies, and because they desired a continuation of that prosperity. News that a new glass factory is about to be added to the city's rapidly growing list of manufacturing plants is evidence that the glass blowing industry has received new impetus and that followers of the craft were right in pinning their faith to Republicanism. Massillon's experience with the glass blowers' standard of citizenship has been such as to render doubly welcome the news that another factory is to be opened here

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty as ratified by the United States Senate late Thursday afternoon, is satisfactory to American sentiment. With the adoption of the Foraker and Davis amendments the Nicaragua canal is placed on the same basis as the Suez canal: it will be "free and open in time of war, as in time of peace," but under certain circumstances the United States reserves the right to take such measures as it may find necessary for securing by its own forces the defences of this country and the maintenance of public order. Thus is secured the main object over which controversy has been so hotly waged. It now remains to be seen whether Great Britain will amicably accept the announcement that the conviction of the American government is that its duty lies in attending first to its own interests in questions of international importance.

American enterprise, acting through the National Association of Manufacturers, has established warehouses in two or three foreign countries, and steps are being taken to establish more of them, so that buyers in foreign countries can have before their eyes the machinery or types of the machinery they wish to buy. The Implement Age, a publication devoted to manufacturing interests, makes a proposition which goes a step farther, namely: the establishment of experimental farms in foreign lands, where American methods of cultivation and harvesting with up-to-date American machinery can be seen by natives. This is no day dream or nightmare, but a reasonable anticipation of events. Foreigners need not only to be told, but shown, and experimental farms for the production of cereals and vegetables may become a feature of progressive effort when we buckle down to the mighty problem of Americanizing the world.

The county commissioners will have no little difficulty in explaining to the taxpayers of the county their reasons for building a large three-span stone bridge, with two driveways and two footpaths, in a little village like Canal Fulton, at a cost of nearly $20,000. Their task will be rendered more difficult owing to the fact that an iron bridge of similar size, as originally contemplated, could have been erected for half the money. Three bids for the erection of an iron bridge were submitted by Stark county manufacturers, the prices ranging from $4,200 to $6,000. Allowing a fair sum for the building of the approaches and abutments, and the entire cost of the bridge, at the highest figure above named, would have fallen considerably short of $10,000. When Prosecuting Attorney Day completes the investigation now in progress, the people of the county will probably learn why a broom factory estimated to cost $2,500 should require an expenditure of $20,000, and why a bridge which, according to the county surveyor's estimate, could be erected for $8,500, should cost more than double that sum. The people may also learn who was responsible for the building of a $20,000 broom factory as an annex to an institution which costs the county from $12,000 to $16,000 per year. At present no one seems to know who authorized the building of the factory, but it is definitely known that the county has had to pay a big price for it

MR. CUDAHY'S DILEMMA.

The action of Millionaire Cudahy, in unquestioningly paying out $25,000 for the return of his kidnapped son, will doubtless give rise to the question as to whether that gentleman was entirely justified in acceding to the demands of the kidnappers before making a more prolonged effort to secure the boy without giving encouragement to a crime which threatens to increase as it meets with success. There are, however, extenuating circumstances which go far towards excusing the father's hasty decision to pay the money demanded.

The magnitude of Mr. Cudahy's business and the remarkable success that has attended him would indicate that he does not usually lie awake nights troubling himself about trifles, and that sound business principles rather than any question of sentiment must guide him in his ventures and investments. His dilemma in this instance must appeal to all persons of similar temperament when they consider that Mr. Cudahy must have felt that he was being bullied: that he was in a certain sense paying something for nothing, or paying $25,000 for his own property—just as a man might feel when he had bought a fine fowl and then found his coop robbed of the same.

The public side of the question doubtless presented itself to Mr. Cudahy wherein he saw himself encouraging abductors by proving "easy," and showing other enterprising spirits just how profitable is the abducting business. But it was the domestic side of the question which won in his consideration of the matter. Mrs Cudahy saw the proposition in but a single light. It was her son on one side and $25,000 on the other. There could be no question about her decision. The abductors might have made it $50,000 just as well as $25,000 if only Mrs. Cudahy was to be considered Cudahy, jr., may have had thoughts himself on the subject. His fifteen years and 120 pounds, future prospects, etc., etc., were hanging in the balance

In summing up, taking it all in all, Mr Cudahy is perhaps to be commended by showing to the world at large that financial considerations were nothing when the domestic circle was endangered.

FRIGHTENED AWAY.

Safe Opened But no Time to Secure Contents.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 22.—[By Associated Press]—Burglars last night attempted to rob the Exchange bank, Madison, O., in Lake county. They blew the safe open, but were frightened away before the contents were secured. The man who discovered the burglars was seized, bound and gagged.

AN OFFICIAL SHOT.

F. H. Morris, of Ohio, Killed in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—[By Associated Press]—F. H. Morris, of Ohio, auditor of the war department, was shot at 2.15 this afternoon in his office in the Windsor building, by a man named McDonald, formerly a disbursing clerk in his office. Morris died instantly. McDonald then shot himself.

VARICOCELE

No matter how serious your case may be or how long you may have had it, our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure it. The "wormy veins" return to their normal condition and hence the sexual organs receive proper nourishment. The organs become vitalized and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a permanent cure assured. NO CURE, NO PAY. NO OPERATION NECESSARY. NO DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

STRICTURE

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are troubled with this disease—many unconsciously. They may have a smarting sensation, sharp, cutting pains at times, weak organs, and all the symptoms of nervous debility—they have STRICTURE. Don't let doctors experiment on you by cutting, stretching or tearing you. This will not cure you, as it will return. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT absorbs the stricture tissue, hence removes the stricture permanently. It can never return. No pain, no suffering, no detention from business by our method. The sexual organs are strengthened, the nerves are invigorated, and the bliss of manhood returns.

Cures Guaranteed

We treat and cure BLOOD POISON, NERVOUS DEBILITY, IMPOTENCY, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL LOSSES, BLADDER and KIDNEY DISEASES. CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for HOME Treatment.

DRS.
KENNEDY & KERGAN
247 Superior St. Cleveland, O.

REPRIMAND BY BROOKE

The General Talked Sharply to Cadet Bettinson.

WRONG ACTION TOWARD BOOZ.

Cadet to Admit Violating Discipline by Speaking to Booz When Latter Was on Sentinel Duty and Putting Him In a Position Which Led to Fight.

West Point, N. Y., Dec. 22.—The taking of testimony as to the alleged ill treatment of the late Oscar L. Booz, while a cadet at the United States military academy, was resumed by the court of inquiry, of which Major General J. F. Brooke is the president. We do not give the testimony of all the witnesses, nor all the testimony of all those referred to in this article.

Lieutenant Frank W. Coe, instructor in mathematics at the military academy, testified that Cadet Booz was deficient in his mathematics and never could have passed his examination. He was mentally far below the standard required by the military academy.

Cadet Frank Kellar, who had the fight with Booz, said:

"I was chosen by a committee of my class to 'call out' Cadet Booz because he disobeyed the orders of the corporal of the guard and made insolent remarks to an upper class man. I was told to weigh in and I turned 150 pounds. Booz was 152 pounds. He was taller than I and had a longer reach.

"We stripped to the waist," continued the witness, "and my seconds told me I had a tough customer to meet, and they told me to do my best. For the first 30 seconds after the call of time Booz showed a little fight, as he struck me a couple of times about the shoulders. I struck him under the left eye, cutting it slightly. After this he turned his back and kept running away. I frequently told him to face me or I would hit him in the back. I did hit him a couple of blows under the right arm.

"In the second round I thought he was going to put up a fight after all, but he immediately began running again. I struck him in the right eye and then on the stomach. He went down altogether, although the blow was neither a knockdown nor a knockout blow. He lay on the ground and was counted out.

"I went up to him and shook hands. I said I hoped he had no ill feeling towards me. He said 'no' and smiled."

"Did you hit him any blows in the region of the heart?" asked General Clous.

"No, sir, I did not."

Cadet W. T. Bettinson, of Kentucky, told of one occasion when Booz was on sentinel duty at the rear of Bettinson's tent, he spoke to Booz, who was standing at one end of the post, and told him to patrol is post properly.

"Had you any right," asked General Brooke, "to give him any such instructions?"

"No, not officially," replied the witness. "But I felt I had a right to give some information to him when he was doing wrong."

"Was it not a breach of military discipline for you to speak to a sentry on duty?"

"It was."

"And, as a result of that Mr. Booz was called out to fight?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then, sir, you had no right to put Cadet Booz in that position," said General Brooke, sharply.

Cadet Charles Barnett, president of the Y. M. C. A., submitted the following letter, which he received from Rev. Dr. Allison, of Bristol, Pa., as a reply to one sent to Dr. Allison:

Bristol, Pa., Dec. 13, 1900.

"My Dear Sir—I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of Dec. 7. It is my desire to say to you that your letter is a confirmation in not a few particulars of my friend Oscar's experiences. Your surprise that a Christian minister should make statements of a certain kind, I can not help. It is a Christian minister's duty to tell the truth. I feel quite sure that the congressional committee of investigation will discover that no untenable position has been taken by Mr. Booz's friends.

"Your letter is to me a most interesting communication, in the face of the sweeping and other kinds of statements by Colonel Mills. He denies the 'hazing' and the presence of 'tobasco sauce' at West Point. You do not. You admit both, but endeavor to excuse it by the theory of 'exaggeration,' etc. I am glad to have had your letter, as it is likely to be helpful to us in more ways than one. I can understand, of course, how natural it is for you young men to see no defects in your Alma Mater, since you have crossed the 'Plebe' rubicon.

"The friends of Oscar know that he was truthful. His statements are to them prima facie evidence. What he stated in the long letter he wrote home, when he pleaded to be allowed to leave the academy is enough. Only yesterday I had the sad privilege of perusing its contents. I am sorry you mention that 'novel' theory. The cadet who told you that made a statement that your Christian grace and common sense ought to have taken cum grano salis. Oscar was not that kind of a young man.

"Most sincerely yours,
"Alexander Alison."

The letter was read and copied but not ordered attached to the record.

Cadet James Prentice, of New York, said that one day Booz came into his tent and asked if he could not lie down. He told Prentice that he was afraid he had heart disease and Prentice advised him to resign. Booz also suffered from sore feet and the witness gave him powders to use on them. He saw Booz read his Bible, and one day saw him reading a small book, which he held inside of his Bible. He could not say what kind of a book it was. Prentice saw Booz "braced" one night in the camp. Booz seemed to have a weak back.

BRUTALITY TO WOMEN.

Kruger Made Charges Against British, So Editor Stead Wrote, Having Conferred With Him.

London, Dec. 22.—William T. Stead has just returned from The Hague, where he had a long conference with Mr. Kruger. Mr. Stead has written a statement for the Associated Press, saying in part:

"First of all, nothing is decided about his visit to America at present.

"What he asks is that the governments, which at The Hague declared their determination to use their efforts to secure amicable settlement of disputes by means of mediation and arbitration, should make a united effort to bring the verdict of the civilized world to bear on Great Britain.

"'The English,' Mr. Kruger said, 'are waging this war in South Africa like savages. They are burning homes, destroying dams, cutting trees, devastating fields and creating famine. They are unable to capture De Wet, but they are making prisoners of women and children, who are not treated with ordinary decency. Hundreds of women have been confined in a prison kraal, near Port Elizabeth, with only one chair, and several of them are in delicate condition.'"

FOLLOW GOLDEN RULE.

Ex-President Cleveland Says It Is Parent of Every Success Worth Gaining.

Philadelphia, Dec. 22.—At the Academy of Music last evening an audience of thousands tendered both ex-President Cleveland and his charming wife a rousing ovation. Mr. Cleveland had come here to take part in the graduation exercises of the 35th class of Pierce school and to make the annual address.

In opening Mr. Cleveland spoke of the advantages derived from a business education such as is the scope of the Pierce school. Continuing, he said in part:

"It is good to start out in life with the idea firmly in one's mind that the world owes you a living. Of course," he added, "you are not to give this the highwayman's meaning, nor set upon it in a highwayman fashion.

"The true Golden Rule lies at the foundation of all that makes life worth living and is the parent of every success worth gaining."

MRS. WM. P. FRYE DEAD.

Wife of the Senator Died Very Suddenly. Body Taken to Lewiston, Maine.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Mrs. William P. Frye, wife of the president pro tempore of the senate, died very suddenly at the Hamilton hotel. Mrs. Frye on Tuesday last suffered an acute attack of indigestion and had since been ill. When she arose in the morning she was apparently much improved and partook of breakfast. Shortly after leaving the table the end came without the slightest warning, heart failure causing death.

The body was started to Lewiston, Me., the home of Senator Frye.

FOR AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY.

General O. O. Howard Expected to Make Speeches In Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Dec. 22.—Major General O. O. Howard will be in Pittsburg on Jan. 13, under the auspices of the American Tract society, of which he is president. He will speak in the First Presbyterian church, Allegheny City, the Rev. D. S. Kennedy, pastor, on the morning of Sunday, Jan 13; at the Bellefield Presbyterian church, the Rev. H. T. McClelland, pastor, in the afternoon, and in the evening at the East Liberty Presbyterian church, the Rev. J. P. E. Kumler, pastor. The coming of General Howard is being arranged by the Rev. George S. J. Browne, of Cincinnati, district secretary of the society. He will speak while here on the work of the society during its 75 years of existence. The past year has been a trying one, but good work has been done.

PAT CROWE SUSPECTED.

Suspicioned of Having Something to Do With Kidnaping of Young Cudahy.

Chicago, Dec. 22.—It is said by Chicago police officials that Pat Crowe, who is suspected of being connected with the kidnaping of young Cudahy, left here for Omaha about two weeks ago and that everal other well-known characters in his set are also there.

While Crowe was serving a sentence in Joliet his wife worked as forewoman in the labeling department of the Cudahy Packing company in Omaha.

Probably Boy's Place of Captivity.

Omaha, Dec. 22.—The house was located in which Eddie Cudahy probably was held prisoner, at 3604 Grover street, a point about four miles southwest of the city. Strong evidence as to the identity of the house was obtained and further corroborated by Eddie Cudahy. The father said he was satisfied it was the place. Neighbors spoke of seeing men about the place.

A PHILANTHROPIST DEAD.

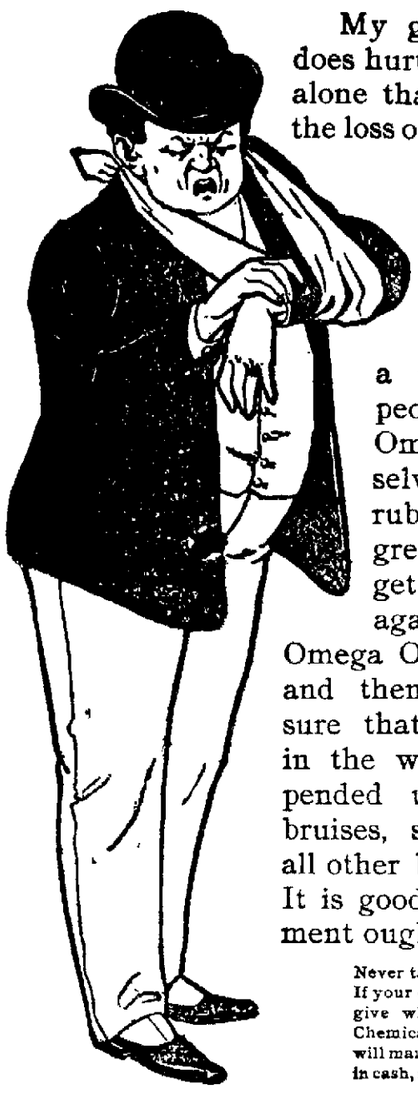
Vere Foster Aided a Number of Irish Girls to Emigrate and Started Schools.

Belfast, Dec. 22.—Vere Foster, who has been engaged for the last 50 years in assisting the emigration of nearly 35,000 young women from the congested districts of the west of Ireland and in the building or furnishing of over 2,200 national schools in every part of Ireland, died here. He was born at Copenhagen in 1819 and was formerly in the British diplomatic service in South America.

Strike Called Off.

Houston, Tex., Dec. 22.—The telegraphers' strike on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad was called off.

Omega Oil



My goodness, how a sprain does hurt! And it isn't the pain alone that is to be dreaded, but the loss of time and wages. There is today many a person with a sprained wrist, elbow, hip, back, knee, or ankle who is unable to work, and is losing many a dollar in wages. What a pity it is that these people won't get a bottle of Omega Oil and cure themselves! Why don't they rub their sprains with this green-colored liniment, and get back to their work again? Maybe they'll try Omega Oil some of these days, and then they'll find out for sure that there's one liniment in the world which can be depended upon to cure sprains, bruises, strains, swellings, and all other bodily aches and pains. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Never take a substitute for Omega Oil. If your druggist persistently refuses to give what you ask for, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 743

"The Pilgrim"

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY has completed arrangements with the publishers of the above named monthly which enables it to make an unprecedented offer to the readers of THE INDEPENDENT. Every subcriber to the Semi-Weekly, by paying a year's subscription in advance, will receive "The Pilgrim" for one year

Absolutely Free!

"The Pilgrim" is essentially a magazine for the home, and all its departments are of the most instructive and entertaining character. The following table of contents of a recent issue fairly illustrates the scope of the magazine: "The Man Without the Hoe" (poem); "John Ruskin;" "Nature's Wonder: the Grand Canon of the Colorado;" "Unchaperoned in Spain" (story); "Educational: Transportation of Rural School Pupils at Public Expense;" "Personal Recollections of the American Civil War Period;" "The Social Link" (story); "The Mother's Realm;" "The House Beautiful;" "Artistic Attire;" "The Wealth of Health;" "Mid Plants and Blossoms;" "The Bath and Toilet;" "The Fine Arts of Cooking and Sewing;" "Home Recreations;" Editorial Notes, a page for little folks, and much other matter of more than usual interest—all superbly illustrated with half-tone plates.

Remember the Terms:

Every subscriber to the Semi-Weekly paying one year in advance will receive "The Pilgrim" for twelve months FREE OF CHARGE. The subscription price of the monthly has never been less than one dollar per year. THE SEMI-WEEKLY INDEPENDENT and "The Pilgrim," one year,

ONE DOLLAR!

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

RICH WHITE CAKE.

And Other Mixtures, With Remarks on Baking Them.

I had tried so many recipes for rich white cake and found them unsatisfactory that I resolved to work out the problem for myself by experiment. The result of the first few attempts was discouraging, but I kept trying and at last succeeded in turning out a cake that was all right, says a Table Talk writer.

Its grain was soft as velvet. It was light and yet firm in texture as having substance in it It was rich and yet delicate as the odor of a flower. Moreover, it was no chance hit that could not be repeated, but was the outcome of careful and exact experiments on scientific lines. I have never met with failure in baking this cake. The formula is as follows: One pound of granulated sugar (two cupfuls), one-half pound of butter (one cupful), seven whites of eggs, one pint of milk (two cupfuls), one pound of pastry flour (four cupfuls); two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful of lemon juice, three drops of almond. The cup I have used for this mixture holds exactly a half pint. Cream the butter and sugar, work in the whites one or two at a time; flavor, add the milk, then the flour into which the baking powder has been sifted. Bake in a moderate oven (in low altitudes) about 45 minutes. In high altitudes a hotter oven will be required, as the cake will rise more rapidly and must be baked to prevent falling. Twenty-five to 30 minutes will be right for Denver, Albuquerque and other high regions.

Some may think that this cake calls for too much milk. I consider that view a mistake. Many a cake mixture fails in the oven because there is not enough milk to overcome the heavy, greasy effect of the butter. A delicate cake mixture using only half the butter called for in my rich cake uses also less than half the amount of milk and only a little less flour. The recipe follows: One-half cupful of butter, two cupfuls of powdered sugar (or one and one-half cupfuls of granulated sugar). Cream the butter and sugar, flavor with almond, then add three-quarters of a cupful of milk, three cupfuls of sifted flour and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Add milk and flour alternately, the baking powder having been sifted into the flour. Eight whites of eggs beaten very firm are to be added at last. Bake in a moderate oven about an hour.

The difference in these two mixtures is very marked, and if the baker understands why the different results obtain she will be far more certain of success. In trying a new recipe a test cake should be baked before trusting the whole cake to the oven. Drop a spoonful of the mixture on a patty tin and bake it. If the little cake bakes flat and rough over the top, there is too much sugar. Add a tablespoonful [illegible] milk and one-third of a cupful of flour. If the cake is soggy and the tin greasy, there is too much shortening. Add a little milk to neutralize the butter. If it is flat and soggy, but not greasy, there is too much milk. Add a little flour and baking powder. If the batty is very light and dry, there is too much baking powder. Add a tablespoonful each of flour and milk. A fault with many recipes is that too much sugar is called for to make them practical except under the most favorable conditions.

Gold cake and other mixtures using only the yolks of eggs are sometimes light and fine grained, yet produce a harsh sensation on the tongue. Too much sugar and yolks give this dry result. Add milk and butter, making the proportions for the entire cake as follows: Eight yolks, one and one-half cupfuls of sugar, one and one-half cupfuls of milk, three cupfuls of flour, one-half cupful of butter and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder; flavor. This mixture will stand three-quarters of a cupful of butter if preferred.

Grape Jelly.

Many housewives find in making grape jelly that it will not set, but has a tendency to go to sugar or become like thick sirup. This will be obviated by adding three pints of apple juice to each gallon of grape juice, the apple juice to be prepared just as for jelly. To the combined apple and grape juice add the usual amount of sugar and boil until a little, cooled on a saucer, is just right.

A Belt of Old Fashioned Cameos.

About a dozen beautiful pink shell cameos are mounted in gold and connected to form a most unique belt. In size they graduate from a very large one in the center of the back to small ones next the clasps.

The New Movement In Furniture.

The armchair and table in the cut are charming examples of the present tendency in the highest style of furniture. There is the "natural growth"

IN MODERN STYLE.

feeling now so prevalent and an entire absence of excessive ornamentation. The chair must certainly be comfortable, and both articles appear graceful and very well constructed.

SEVEREST PENALTIES

Agreement Said to Demand Worst China Can Impose.

ORDER SENT TO CONGER TO SIGN.

Demand For Death Penalties Stricken Out and Mode of Punishment Left to China—Agreement Might Be Made Public In Washington Today.

Washington, Dec. 22.—It is learned here that the agreement found by the ministers of the powers at Pekin naming conditions as a preliminary to the negotiations of peace terms contains a demand for the severest penalties that China can impose in the punishment of the high officials believed to be responsible for the Boxer outrages. This refers particularly to the 11 prominent Chinese nobles whose names have been mentioned in the press dispatches as those whom some of the nations contended should be executed. Our government has persistently held to the position that penalties should not be inflicted on the Chinese government which she was unable to carry out. The demand for the death penalties was stricken out of the agreement and that for them severest penalties possible inserted.

The agreement probably will be made public today, if word reaches Washington that Mr. Conger has affixed his signature to it.

Pekin, Dec. 22.—Once more there is a pronounced hitch in the proceedings. The preliminary joint note has not yet been signed. Mr. Conger, the United States minister, says he does not believe that there are sufficient reasons why it should not be signed in the near future, and Sir Ernest Satow, the British minister, takes the same view. Dr. Mumm von Schwartzenstein, speaking for Germany, believes that the existing agreement will be signed sooner or later. The other ministers also say that they consider the probabilities in favor of signing.

Washington, Dec. 22.—Instructions were sent to United States Minister Conger at Pekin to sign the agreement which, according to Pekin advices, already has been signed by all the other ministers at the Chinese capital. This instruction was sent with some reluctance, because the agreement as it now stands does not completely represent the view of the United States government. But it is believed to be the most favorable compromise that could be reached, unless the negotiations are to be drawn out to a dangerous length; for all reports indicate a growing spirit of unrest in China, owing to the absence of any form of native government in Chile and the adjacent provinces. So the United States accepts the "irrevocable" condition imposed upon the Chinese government, though after all this expression is rather a matter of form, than of substance, for diplomacy knows no such thing as an "irrevocable" agreement.

As to the British condition that the occupation of Pekin and Chile is to continue until China has given satisfactory proofs of her intention to comply with the conditions laid down in the agreement, it is said that this will not affect the status of the United States. Mr. Conger has, by direction of his government, notified the other ministers that the United States forces will again be called into China for the purpose of occupation, that nothing more than a legation guard is to be maintained by us, and the powers have accepted his condition. It therefore expected here that the agreement will be signed before the end of the current week.

A DAY IN WALL STREET.

Trading Continued on a Large Scale on Friday.

New York, Dec. 22.—There was no alteration in the character of the stock market Friday. Trading continued on a very large scale and tone was strong. Possibly the interest was a trifle less broad than on some previous days of the week. The buying showed a tendency to congestion in certain stocks, and the specialized strength of a few stocks was a dominant influence in sustaining prices.

The expectation was rather general that a movement to take profits would develop during the day. The prolonged continuance of the rise and the imminence of a holiday both suggested the likelihood of a profit taking movement. Speculators as a rule are averse to leaving their money tied up in the stock market over a prolonged holiday, and loans made Friday carry over until Wednesday next. The London market Friday morning showed depression on the eve of the holiday, and this emphasized the depression of Thursday's rather sharp selling movement near the close here. Professional operators therefore fell upon the market at the opening, but they made scarcely more than a momentary impression. Powerful support was forthcoming at the decline and before the end of the day the tide of prices had turned strongly upward again. The existence of a short interest formed Thursday afternoon had something to do with the resiliency, as the bears were very timid about leaving accounts open over the holidays. The continued ease of money in spite of the carrying over of loans until Wednesday and the favorable forecast of the bank statement gave the final flip to the market, and it closed animated and strong at about the top level, the late profit taking sales being confidently absorbed.

Ravenna, O., Dec. 22.—A suit has been commenced in common pleas court here to recover $5,000 for a breach of promise. Elizabeth Heisler sues John Barth for that amount, and alleges in her petition that on Nov. 9, 1900, the defendant promised to marry her on Nov. 20, 1900; that the plaintiff was ready to marry, yet the defendant neglects and refuses to have the ceremony performed. She further claims that she expended for clothing and services in preparing for the marriage $25, and askes judgment for $5,025.

Symbols of Success

A vacant chair and a portrait on the wall—strange symbols of success! Yet, in many a home these are the symbols of the success of the man who did not find time to care for his health, or neglected the increasing warnings of disease which Nature gave him. When the stomach is "weak" and food is imperfectly digested and assimilated, it is only a question of time until the break-down comes. The stomach is the very center of vital power and must be kept in health if sickness is to be avoided. Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It increases the supply of pure, rich blood, and gives the body strength to withstand the strain put upon it by the struggle for success.

"I was a sufferer from what the doctors called indigestion, but after trying several eminent physicians failed to get a cure," writes Mr. Frank Mericle, of Independence, Jackson Co., Mo., Box 473. "Some of my symptoms were soreness in pit of stomach, fullness, tired feeling, constipation; sometimes soreness would extend to bowels. Some one recommended me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which I did, and after taking only a few bottles of 'Discovery' and your 'Pleasant Pellets' can say I derived more benefit from them than any other medicine I ever tried. I began to gain flesh from the start. Have recommended it to others and will continue to do so."

The sluggish liver made active by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

For Pneumonia.

Dr. C. J. Bishop, Agnew, Mich., says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar in three very severe cases of pneumonia with good results in every case." Rider & Snyder.

Kodol
Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free

Prepared by E. C DeWITT & CO., Chicago.

Chas. W Cupples, 139, W. Tremont Street.
Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main Street.

Don't use any of the counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Most of them are worthless or liable to cause injury. The original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a certain cure for piles, eczema, cuts, scalds, sores and skin diseases. C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street, and Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

Cold and cough cures are numerous, but the one that leads all others in merit is Foley's Honey and Tar, which is in great demand these days. Rider & Snyder.

The most effective little liver pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They never gripe. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; River & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

Many have lost confidence and hope as well as health, because they thought their kidney disease was incurable. Foley's Kidney Cure is a guaranteed remedy for the discouraged and disconsolate. Rider & Snyder.

HUSTLING YOUNG MAN can make $60 per month and expenses. Permanent position. Experience unnecessary. Write quick for particulars. Clark & Co. 4th and Locust Sts., Phila., Pa.

Do you read the want columns daily?

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (old)	75
Hay, per ton	10 00 to 12 00
Straw, per ton	5 50
Corn	40
Oats	22-25
Clover Seed	5 00-5 50
Timothy Seed	2 00
Rye, per bu	50
Barley	48
Flax seed	1 50
Wool (unwashed,)	18-18
Wool (washed)	25
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel new	35
Beets, per bushel	40
Apples	60-75
Cabbage, per dozen	40-50
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
White beans	2 00
Onions	70
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY	
Butter	20-22
Eggs (fresh)	22
Chickens, live, per lb	7
Spring Chickens, dressed, lb	10
Turkeys, live	08-0
Turkeys, dressed	11-12
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Ham	12½
Shoulder	09
Lard	08
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	12
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	90
Middlings, per 100 lbs	90

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OUR CHRISTMAS STOCK

Is far ahead of anything ever shown. The three floors, 100 feet deep are crowded to their utmost capacity, comprising all the choicest selections to be found in the Eastern markets of all the various lines which we carry. It will be impossible to give you any idea of the completeness of our stock without a visit to see for yourself. We extend a cordial invitation to everyone to come to our store at 20 East Main Street and spend as much time as you can.

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Is always very interesting, being stocked with all the NEW good books and many of the good old books in new edition finely illustrated.

Parkman's **"Montcalm and Wolfe."** Illustrated Holiday edition, with 40 fine photogravure plates, including illustrations by Howard Pyle, historical portraits, views of Quebec from contemporary prints, etc.—2 vol. 8 vo., gilt top with cloth wrappers, in cloth box.

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"Eben Holden" by Irving Bacheller, author of "A Master of Silence."

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"The Reign of Law" by James Lane Allen.

"The Voice of the People" by Ellen Glasgow.

"To Have and to Hold" by Mary Johnston

"The Flame of Life" by Gabriel D'Auminzio

"Sophia" by Stanley Weyman.

"Hilda Wade" by Grant Allen

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"More Fables" by George Ade.

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"Hugh Wynne" by S. Weir Mitchell. New one volume edition.

"Unleavened Bread" by Robert Grant.

"Monsieur Beaucaire" by Booth Tarkington

"Boy. A Sketch" by Marie Corelli.

"Eleanor" by Mrs. Humphrey Ward.

"The Master Christian" by Marie Corelli

"Tales of the Ex-Tauks" by Clarence Louis Cullen.

"The Expatriates" by Lilian Bell

Peloubet's **"Select Notes,"** a commentary on the International Sunday School Lessons 1900.

"Elizabeth and Her German Garden," by author of "A Solitary Summer."

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"Richard Carvel" by Winston Churchill.

"Red Pottage" by Mary Cholmondeley.

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Illustrated with colored pictures and large type, in all the various styles and subjects, from 5 cents up.

An especial good line of cloth bound books for children at 35 cents. Chatterbox for 1900.

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Some of the daintiest calendars you ever looked at. Bannerettes, Blocks, Fans, Leaflets etc.

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Hand carved, imported, Card Cases, Purses, Letter Cases, Pocket Mirrors. There are some particularly pretty and choice things in this line.

Almost any style Purse, Card Case or Pocketbook at 25 cents. This is a very attractive line.

Leather Music Rolls
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Leather Desk Pads.
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For this line we visit the Eastern markets and select only the choicest shapes and cuttings. Only one piece of each.

Imported Novelties.

Busts, Vases, Clocks, Bon Bons, Paper Weights, Olive Dishes, Pin Trays, Plaques, Nut Bowls, Sherbet Glasses, Odd Plates in the new attractive wares

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Some very attractive colors and new shapes in Letter Paper. Either by the box or quire. All the different sizes. A few boxes made up of four of the popular sizes of paper and envelopes make a very handsome gift.

Fountain Pens.

A complete line of the leading makes of Fountain Pens, ranging in price from 10 cents to $10 each. The Waterman Ideal Fountain Pen is perhaps the best for business use, durable and reliable. Gold Pens with pearl holders for ladies.

Our Gymnasium for 1901.

Whitely Exercisers, Punching Bags, Wood and Iron Dumbbells, Indian Clubs, Boxing Gloves, Foot Balls, House Balls.

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So much depends on how a picture is framed. We have made this department a study and are able to give you just the right thing for any picture, large or small, cheap or expensive. A number of very pretty things in ovals, circles and square frames specially made.

A good line of Pictures in the sheet and a few Framed Pictures.

Pretty brass frames for photographs.

New Florentine frames.

A few choice pieces of hand painted Porcelain. This department should be visited to be appreciated.

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CROKINOLE BOARDS
COMBINOLA BOARDS, etc.

This is the largest of board games, and more games can be played on this board than on any other similar game board on the market.

Lotto, Dominoes, Checkers, Jack Straws, Stencils, Parchesi, Steeple Chase, Fireside Educational Card Games, all the cheap Board and Card Games from 5 cents up. Blackboards, Spelling Boards, Spelling Blocks, Dolls, Magic Lanterns, Stereoscopes, Stone Blocks, Building Blocks, Tool Boxes.

Paper Villages, Harmless Guns (shoot soft rubber balls), Mechanical Toys, an Electric Automobile, etc, etc. Albums in all the most gorgeous styles and colorings, Toilet Cases, Necktie Boxes, Photo Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Photo Racks and Holders, Smoking Sets. **Excelsior Diaries for 1901**—All the popular sizes. Baer's Lancaster Almanacs 1901. **Engraving**—We are prepared to furnish you with any style engraved work at reasonable prices.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Slicker, of Cliff street, a son

Miss Maud Farrell has gone to Altoona to spend the holidays.

Charles Hinton has gone to Detroit to spend Christmas with his parents.

Miss Harriet S. Van Gilder, of Philadelphia, Pa., is visiting with Miss Jean Wilson.

In the estate of Henry Snyder, of Perry township, inventory and appraisement have been filed, also a petition to sell real estate.

S. M. Baltzly, who is now a student in the pharmaceutical department of the Ohio State University, at Columbus, has arrived home for the holidays.

Leo Willenborg is spending the holidays with his parents in this city. Mr. Willenborg is an art student in the Drexel Institute, at Philadelphia.

Howard Bullock last evening returned from Buffalo, where he is a student in Banisium College He will spend the holidays with his mother, Mrs. Louise Bullock.

Bloomberg Brothers have filed an answer to the suit brought by Augustus Rhine for $166.40, said to be due on a bill for work done. The answer filed by defendant's attorneys, Baldwin & Young, denies that they are indebted to the plaintiff in any sum whatever.

At a meeting of the church extension society of the Methodist Episcopal East Ohio conference, held in Alliance on Tuesday, it was decided to aid the following churches by giving them money: Mars Hill church, Cleveland; Cherry Valley, Ashtabula county, and Klondike, Tuscarawas county.

Thomas L. Childs complied with all the requirements laid down by the Summit county commissioners, even to the depositing with them of a certified check for $1,500, so he was granted a franchise by them, on Tuesday afternoon, for the building of the Canton-Akron Electric railway line, through Summit county.

The strike of the molders at the Buckeye works in Akron is still on. President Mahoney, of the Central Labor Union who for some time past has been endeavoring to effect a settlement, has given up the attempt, and there is no prospect of an early adjustment of differences. The men have been idle seven weeks.

The H. B. Camp Company will build cement works at Greentown, the plant to have a capacity of six hundred barrels per day. The company has a large tile factory at that place, and the stone which has heretofore been stripped from the clay, as useless, will be used in the manufacture of a superior quality of cement.

The literary society at Genoa was reorganized last evening. Officers are: E. Stewart, president: C Kemery, vice president Miss Frederick, secretary: W. Harmon, treasurer: E. Doll and Charles Lerch, executive committee. The next meeting will take place on January 4, when "The Annexation of Cuba" will be discussed.

The local corps of the Salvation Army will serve dinner to the poor of the city on Christmas Day from 11 30 a. m., to 2:30 p .m. Supplies of poultry, bread, pies, cranberries, sugar, butter, potatoes, ham and beef will be gratefully received at the army headquarters, corner of Mill and Tremont streets. Donations of money will also be acceptable.

Since the new time card went into effect on the W. & L. E. railroad it is necessary for one of the passenger crews to lay over in Massillon. When the through trains to Wheeling and return were taken off a few months ago, the men removed from the city. After the first of the year one of the crews will in all probability be given the run regularly and will live in Massillon.

According to a statement prepared by the Ohio pension agency, there were 103,438 pensioners on the rolls at the beginning of the month of November. There were added during the month 345 new pensioners, 40 by reissue and 56 by transfer, a total of 441. The losses were by death 161, remarriage 2, legal limitations 6, transfer 29, other causes, 92; total 293, leaving 103,585, or an increase of 148 for the month.

The local court of the Catholic Order of Foresters has elected the following officers: H. B. Sibila, past chief ranger: Nicholas Schott, chief ranger; Edward Ress, vice chief ranger: Alonzo Crofut, recording secretary: Andrew Deck, financial secretary: Jacob Stuhldreher, treasurer: Joseph Fox, Lawrence McGreal and J. Hassman, trustees, Dr. J. O. Gardner, medical examiner: Dr. J. O. Gardner, delegate to state convention: Alonzo Crofut, alternate.

On the first of the year a number of the officers of the Pennsylvania Company as well as the men will retire on account of the pension list, and there is a great deal of speculation as to who will be their successors. At present there seems to be nothing sure about any of the statements, as they vary widely. Superintendent Schroyer, of the division of the P., F.W. & C. through this city, is mentioned among others as possible superintendent of the southwestern system.

At the regular meeting of the Stationary Engineers Thursday night the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Wm. Lewis; vice president, John Swihart: secretary, Beecher Hardgrove: financial secretary, Wm. Slater: corresponding secretary, E. C. Sutton: treasurer, Wm. Swihart: conductor, Jacob Snyder; doorkeeper, Otis Cecil: trustees, Peter Heinbrook, Daniel Swier and H. Gaddis. The past president will be elected at the first meeting in the coming year when the officers elected at last night's meeting will be installed.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

MRS. J. SCHNIFF.

Mrs. J. Schniff died at her home in Canal Dover, Wednesday morning, of lung fever, aged 40 years. She is survived by her husband and two children. The deceased was a daughter of Michael Smith, of this city, and was well known here. The funeral will be held Friday morning at 9 o'clock from the residence.

BISHOP C. C. PETTY.

The announcement of the death of Bishop C. C. Petty, of the A. M. E. Zion church, at Newburn, N. C., created general regret in this city, where the deceased was well known, having visited here several times.

MISS SARAH ANN LEWIS.

Miss Sarah Ann Lewis, aged 41 years, died at the Massillon State Hospital on Friday, of consumption. Miss Lewis has been in the institution for the past year having been sent there from Jefferson county. She has been seriously ill for two months. The boby was shipped to Portland, Jefferson county, at 8:33 this morning.

EDITH GLADYS PURINGTON.

Edith Gladys Purington, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Claude Purington, of 68 Guy street, died yesterday evening. Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon at the residence.

I'VE COME TO KILL.

These Were Words of Uncle, Says Nephew.

THEN A COURT SCENE.

Before the Mayor Nephew Gesaman and Uncle Dewey, So to Speak, Fell Upon Each Other's Neck, and the Affair Ended—Other Police Court Notes.

John Gesaman, a young man residing near North Lawrence, told a thrilling story in police court Wednesday afternoon, when he ordered the arrest of his uncle, Charles Dewey, who also lives near North Lawrence. "My uncle," said Gesaman, "felt sore toward me because he thought I had given him away to Dangeleisen for shooting quail out of season. He came and went at our house like a member of the family. Monday evening he dropped in and came upstairs to my room. It was 9 o'clock and I was asleep, but the slamming of a door awakened me. Looking up I saw Dewey at my bedroom door. He had a big knife in his hand, and he said: 'I've come to kill you.' I looked him squarely in the eye, and he left. Then I heard him say downstrairs. 'Where's my shotgun?' By this time I thought I had a move coming. When I heard him strike the stairs to come to my room again I slid out of bed and made my escape from the house by a different way from that Dewey was coming."

Dewey was arrested by Marshal Kitchen. When he was brought into court Gesaman's heart had softened toward him, and he withdrew his charge. The next action of uncle and nephew was practically a falling upon each other's neck. They left together.

YINGLING MUST LEAVE.

Fred. Yingling, ex-pugilist, who since his discharge from the state hospital, has been endeavoring to organize an athletic club in the city, was ordered out of the city by Mayor Wise Wednesday. Yingling, while intoxicated Tuesday, held the South End in a state of terror. He wanted to beat every man he met, and in some cases he succeeded.

NEARBY TOWN NEWS

SHILLING'S DISTRICT NEWS.

SHILLING'S DISTRICT, Dec. 21.—A singing class was organized at this place last Thursday evening. It will be conducted by Mr. P. F. Graber, of Mt. Eaton.

Mrs. Jacob Hofstetter is on the sick list.

Alfred Haunestien and family visited at the home of Alta Douglass on Sunday.

Owing to the cold weather the oyster supper was not very well attended at West Lebanon on Saturday evening.

Wm. Shifferly has bought a farm near Fox lake and will leave this place in the spring.

Miss Clara Haunestien has taken a position in Massillon this winter.

Miss Grace Hofacre expects to spend the winter in Cleveland.

George B. Roth, of Orchard Lake, Mich., will be at his home here during the holidays.

Carl Goudy, of Pleasant Valley, has rented the Hofacre property in this district.

A MARRIAGE AND OTHER HAPPENINGS.

BEACH CITY, Dec. 20.—The marriage of Miss Etta Crites, daughter of Alfred Crites, to Leroy J. Shear, of Canal Dover, took place at the home of the bride on Thursday at noon. About fifty guests were present. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. D. W. Sprankle, pastor of the U. B. church Mr. and Mrs. Shear will live near Canal Dover.

T. E. Justus and W. S. Cope, cigarmakers, moved to Wooster on Thursday, taking their families with them.

James McClintock, William Taylor and Mr. Truby have returned from the Columbus Medical college to spend the holidays at their homes in this village.

THE DEATH SENTENCE.

Edward Ruthven to be Electrocuted April 12.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—[By Associated Press]—Edward Ruthven, colored, was today sentenced to be electrocuted on April 12, for the murder of Patrolman Shipp.

THE COUNTY SEAT.

Men Arrested by Game Warden will Bring Suit.

HE BAGGED THE RABBITS.

Armour Company Willing to Spend $5,000 in Fighting the Case—A Sparrow Shooter Hits Wide of His Mark—Court House News.

CANTON, Dec. 22.—Both the men in his city who were arrested Thursday by Game Warden Dangeleisen and discharged in Justice Sibila's court in Massillon, Friday morning, on a charge of unlawfully having rabbits in their possession, are hot on the trail of the game warden and say they will have it out with him. Mr. Krug, the Armour representative, communicated with his company as to what was to be done in the matter, and he was advised to fight the case if it took $5,000. Gust Ehret, the fish dealer, who was the other party arrested, said in an interview this morning:

"I will bring an action against Dangeleisen for damages. The amount of the game confiscated was worth $11. Then there were the fees of the attorney, the time that I was obliged to take away from my business and the disgrace of the arrest. Dangeleisen was much put out at the outcome of the case and said that he would get even with me. Early in the year I asked Dangeleisen if I could handle robbits, and he said that I could not. I was not satisfied and communicated with the state game warden. I received a personal letter from him stating that the law did not apply to game of that kind, and he enclosed a copy of the law. As soon as I was arrested I retained Mr. Rice who is now looking up the law. I will institute proceedings against the game warden. He came into my place the other day and told me that I would have to bag the rabbits as he was going to take them with him. I told him that if he wanted the game bagged he would have to do it himself. This he did and took them with him. He seemed to be pretty well pleased with the prospects of getting the fine and invited me to go out and take something, which I did. On the way we met another man and he was invited to join us. After we took a glass of beer we left the place and Dangeleisen neglected to pay for the drinks. He was called back and borrowed a quarter to settle the bill."

There will be about two hundred cases assigned for the January term of court, which commences on the 7th, all being civil cases. The list may be increased by the work of the grand jury.

The ordinance granting a franchise to the Stark County Telephone Company was given its first reading by the village council at Orrville on Wednesday evening. The ordinance will doubtless be passed at the next meeting. Free service between the village and Canton is offered as an inducement for the granting of the franchise. It is said the Bell company is making an effort to prevent the passage of the ordinance.

T. L. Childs, the promoter of the Canton-Akron electric road, says the line will be finished and in operation by June 1. The work of grading will be commenced early in January, and will be carried on with vigor while weather permits.

County Treasurer Smith announces that no penalty will be imposed on taxes paid this week. It is doubtful whether any further extension will be granted.

Attorney Chas. C. Upham and Miss Elizabeth Shupbach were married at the home of the bride's mother, in Black Band, Tuscarawas county, Wednesday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Upham are now on a wedding tour to New York and Washington, from which they will return on December 27.

The work of cleaning up the debris of the Saxton block fire is in progress, preparatory to the erection of a new building. The new structure will be not less than three stories in height, and Kenny Bros. will probably occupy the basement and first floor.

In the estate of Elizabeth James, of Massillon, public sale of real estate was ordered.

Permits to marry have been granted to Conrad Beisas and Honorina Renar, of Massillon, and Edwin S. Miller and Susie C. Oberlin, of Stanwood.

TIME IS THE TEST.

The Testimony of Massillon People Stands the Test.

The test of time is what tells the tale. "A new broom sweeps clean," but will it wear well is what interests most. The public will soon find out when misrepresentations are made, and merit alone will stand the test of time.

Massillon people appreciate merit, and many months ago local citizens publicly endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills; they do so still. Would a citizen make the statement which follows unless convinced that the article was just as represented? A cure that lasts is the kind that every sufferer from kidney ills is looking for.

Mrs. E. M. Shufelt, of 76 East Plum street, says: "Lapse of time has given me no cause to change my mind about Doan's Kidney Pills. My experience with, and opinion of which I first expressed through our Massillon papers in the summer of 1896, after getting a supply at Baltzly's drug store and taking a course of the treatment. Should I at any time in the future have a recurrence I now know what course to pursue."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

FOR OUR PROTECTION.

Object of Two Amendments to Treaty.

LODGE EXPLAINS SOME POINTS OF IT

Another Amendment Abolishes the Old Clayton-Bulwer Treaty—Says They Don't Derogate From Intention of Having the Canal Neutral Highway.

Washington, Dec. 22. — Senator Lodge, who had charge of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty in the senate, made a statement, which said in part, that the amendments were not dictated by hostility toward England, nor were they in any degree a reflection upon the secretary of state.

He further said in part:

"The first amendment is a simple declaration that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty ceases to exist, and is superseded by the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The object of the latter was to remove the former as an obstacle to the construction of the isthmian canal.

"Under article II of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty as it stood we were clearly bound if engaged in war to permit a hostile fleet, if it succeeded in getting inside the three-mile zone, to pass unmolested through the canal. It was a solemn promise to permit a hostile fleet to use the canal. That promise we either intended to keep or else we made it knowing that under the stress of war we should break it. If we meant to keep it then it was a promise no nation ought to make. If we knew that we should not keep it in time of war then it was only honest and fair to relieve ourselves of the obligation in the treaty itself. This was the purpose of the second, or Davis, amendment, which entirely disposes of any such promises and which follows exactly in principle, and almost exactly in words, article X of the Suez convention, which reserved similar rights to Turkey, whose interest in the Suez canal is trivial compared to ours in that proposed in Nicaragua.

"The third amendment strikes out article III, by which we engaged to invite other nations to adhere to the treaty and thereby become parties to it. Had there been no Clayton-Bulwer treaty we should have negotiated with no one except Costa Rica and Nicaragua as to building the canal. With England, owing to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, we were obliged to treat, but as we expect Europe to keep out of this hemisphere, it seems to the senate unwise, however excellent and liberal the intention, to invite Europ an nations to share in an American treaty and thus give them the right to meddle in American affairs at any point.

"Such are the purposes of the three amendments, which in no way derogate from the intention of the United States that this canal shall be a neutral highway for the world's commerce."

Out of Respect to Wise's Memory.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The house was in session only about 25 minutes when it adjourned out of respect to the memory of Representative Wise, of Virginia, who died at his home in Williamsburg, Va. The customary resolutions were adopted and a committee of 17 members was appointed to attend the funeral. Under the concurrent resolution adopted a few days ago the adjournment was until Jan. 3, 1901.

DISMISSED THE CASES.

Actions Against Some Alleged Combinations So Disposed of In Ohio Supreme Court.

Columbus, Dec. 22.—The supreme court of Ohio dismissed, under the motion of Attorney General Sheets, the case against the following companies, brought by former Attorney General Monnett under the anti-trust laws of Ohio: Solar Refining company, Ohio Oil company, Buckeye Pipe Line company, Standard Oil company of Ohio, and the Centennial Tobacco company. The cases are all dismissed without record and at the cost of the state.

OTHERS TO BE ARRESTED.

Proceedings to Be Taken Against More Scranton Councilmen.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 22.—President E. B. Sturges, of the Municipal league, officially confirmed the rumor of the past few weeks that a number of other councilmen are to be arrested for bribery.

EX-GOV. WOLCOTT DEAD.

Death Said to Be Due to Extreme Weakness Due to the Progress of Typhoid Fever.

Boston, Dec. 22.—Former Governor Roger Wolcott died at his residence in this city. He became ill with typhoid fever several weeks ago, but reports from his bedside indicated nothing alarming until the latter part of last week, when new complications produced a change for the worse. From that time until the end came bulletins of his condition were hopeful, but hardly reassuring.

His physicians said last night that death resulted from extreme weakness, due to the progress of the disease. The members of his family were at his bedside.

The disease probably was contracted either while on shipboard or soon after he landed in New York, after his European visit.

The funeral will be held Monday afternoon in Trinity church.

Operator G. L. Stewart, who had charge of the Leetsdale telegraph station on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway the morning of December 14, when the Chicago express ran into the Leetsdale accommodation, resulting in the death of Fireman Oscar White, was committed to jail by Coroner esse Mc McGeary, charged with criminal negligence.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

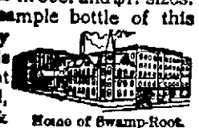
How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

When you need a soothing and healing antiseptic application for any purpose, use the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, a well known cure for piles and skin diseases. It heals sores without leaving a scar. Beware of counterfeits. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main street.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-O, a delicious dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No baking! add hot water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. At your grocers, 10 cts.

Now is the time when croup and lung troubles prove rapidly fatal. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results is One Minute Cough Cure. It is very pleasant to take and can be relied upon to cure coughs, colds and all lung diseases. It will prevent consumption. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 Tremont street; Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

$1000 Worth of Good.

A. H. Thurness, of Wills Creek Coal Co., Buffalo, O., writes: "I have been afflicted with kidney and bladder trouble for years, passing gravel or stones, with excruciating pain. Other medicines only gave relief. After taking Foley's Kidney Cure the result was surprising. A few doses started the brick dust, like fine stones, etc., and now I have no pain across my kidneys and I feel like a new man. Foley's Kidney Cure has done me $1000 worth of good." Rider & Snyder.

When the stomach is tired out it must have a rest, but we can't live without food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure "digests what you eat" so that you can eat all the good food you want while it is restoring the digestive organs to health. It is the only preparation that digests all kinds of food. C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street, and Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

The Best Salve in the World

is Banner Salve. It is made from a prescription by a widely known skin specialist and positively is the most healing salve for piles, burns, scalds, ulcers, running sores and all skin diseases. Rider & Snyder.

DAVID CITY, Neb., April 1, 1900.
Genessee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:
Gentlemen:—I must say in regard to GRAIN-O that there is nothing better or healthier. We have used it for years. My brother was a great coffee drinker. He was taken sick and the doctor said coffee was the cause of it, and told us to use GRAIN-O. We got a package but did not like it at first, but now would not be without it. My brother has been well ever since we started to use it.
Yours truly. LILLIE SOCHOR.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are dainty little pills, but they never fail to cleanse the liver, remove obstructions and invigorate the system. Chas. W. Cupples, 130 W. Tremont street; Rider & Snyder 12 E. Main street.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Help is needed at once when a person's life is in danger. A neglected cough or cold may soon become serious and should be stopped at once. One Minute Cough Cure quickly cures coughs and colds and the worst cases of croup, bronchitis, grippe and other throat and lung troubles. C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street, and Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main street.

The person who disturbed the congregation last Sunday morning by coughing, is requested to call on Rider & Snyder and get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It always gives relief.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, secret to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents

WANTED.

BOILER-MAKERS—Three or four first-class Boiler-Makers. Steady employment and good wages to sober, steady men. None others need apply Cleveland Steam Boiler Works, West street, Cleveland, Ohio.

EVERYBODY to know that the Workingmen's Home Cooperative Association will buy you a home or farm, pay off the mortgage on the one you now have, you pay $5.25 per month on each $1,000; no interest. Call at office and investigate the plan. Hunt Block, Room 9, 28 East Main St.

GIRL—A good girl; must understand plain cooking. Good wages will be paid to the right person. Apply at the residence of J. W McClymonds, Prospect street.

GIRLS—Two girls at the Millerontan, one for the kitchen and one for the dining room.

GIRL—At 42 East Main street.

HORSES—To winter a number of horses at the Dalton stock farm, 8 miles west of Massillon, one mile and a half northeast of Dalton. Our facilities and care are first-class, and prices reasonable Address L. S. Rudy, Dalton, or by telephone 208, 2 rings. For references call on J. M. Schuckers at First National Bank, or A. D. Volkmor, liveryman.

POSITION in grocery as clerk. Have had experience. T. C. W., Box 615, Orrville, Ohio.

ROOMS—By elderly couple two or three rooms; light housekeeping, near Russell shops. Address M. L. S., care of Independent Office

SALESMEN wanted to sell our goods by sample to wholesale and retail trade. We are the largest and only manufacturers in our line in the world. Liberal salary paid. Address, Can-Dex Mfg. Co., Savannah, Ga.

SITUATION, by a girl, to do general housework. Address Miss F., Box 122, Navarre, O.

FOR RENT

FOUR-roomed house, rear of Third street, suitable for small family. City and cistern water $8.50 per month. Inquire of J. J. Diethenn, at Diethenn's clothing store.

HALLS—Two halls suitable for lodges, 2d and third floors in the new Keister building. See S. Burd

HOUSE—Five-roomed house in Plum street, rear of 242 East Main. Inquire at 242 East Main street.

HOUSE—Nine room house, corner North and High streets. Possession given on December 10 W. E. N. Hemperly, over 14 South Erie street.

THREE rooms on 76 Green street. Inquire at premises.

LOST

WATCH—Gold watch, between Bahney's book store and McLain street. Finder please return to Bahney's book store and receive a reward.

FOR SALE

BOOKS—Cyclopedia Britannica, ninth edition, 25 vols; Cyclopedia Americana 13 vols., Zell's Cyclopedia and Dictionary, 2 vols., History of Stark Co., Atlas of Stark Co. (The Ohio Map and Atlas Co., 1896), Cassell's Natural History, 2 vols., The Earth and its Inhabitants, 5 vols., all in first-class condition. This is a rare opportunity to secure some valuable reference books at a very reasonable price Call on or address Miss Folger, 86 Prospect St., Massillon.

DWELLINGS—Several dwellings for sale in different parts of the city: also a few business properties, among them, the Mrs. Mary Tipping property, No. 83 West Main street. See J. E. Johns. Insurance office No. 13 E. Main street.

FARM of 102 acres in Tuscarawas township ¼ mile south of Greenville school house with new bank barn, 2 wells, 2 cisterns and all necessary out buildings. Terms to suit purchaser. Call on D. and F. L. Hemperly Massillon, O.

FARM—I will sell at public sale the Grovemiller farm, containing 177 acres, 1½ miles west of Canton and 4 miles east of Massillon, on the Canton and Massillon street railroad, bounded by three public roads. This farm will be offered as a whole and in two tracts, on Thursday, January 10th, 1901, at 1 o'clock P. M. on the premises. For terms and a better description, Call on premises or address J. J. Grovemiller, Canton, O.

FARM of 15 acres, with good dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings, also good water, one mile southwest of Brookfield. Inquire of George Borell, West Brookfield.

FOUR ROOMED house, with summer kitchen; city and cistern water, at 116 Duncan street. Inquire at premises.

HARD COAL BURNER—In good condition. Inquire at this office.

HOUSE—My residence, 78 E. Oak street. Inquire on premises. Mrs. Mary Harsh

HOUSE—One five-roomed house close to C. L. & W. depot, on West Main street, price $1,800; one ten-roomed house, corner of Main and Cedar streets, price $3,500; lot on Wood street, $175, on time; size of lot 70x170 See S. Burd

RESIDENCE—My residence, No 82 South East street. Nine rooms. Furnace, gas, bath, laundry, and all conveniences. E. P. Edgar.

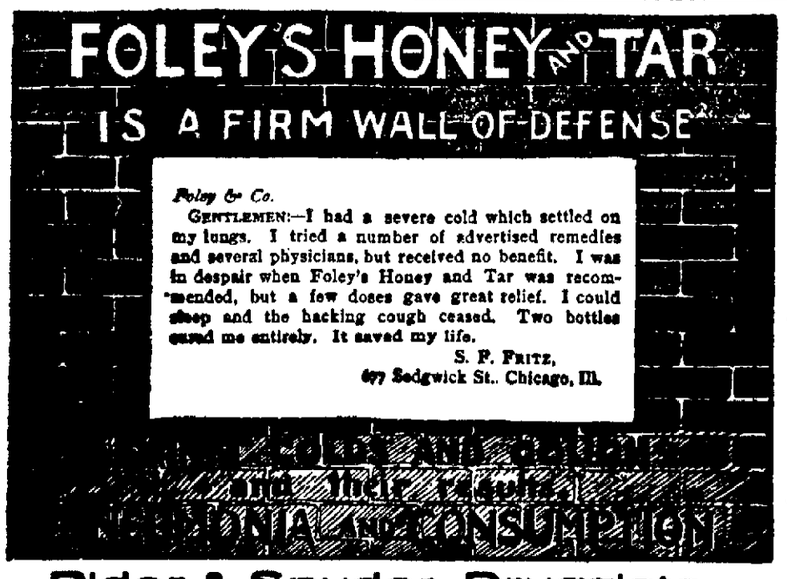
FOUND.

POCKETBOOK—A pocketbook containing money. Call on A. L. Wilhelm, Graber Bros.' meat market.

WATCH—Owner can have same by calling on J. W. Meyer, at Russell & Co.'s foundry, proving property and paying for this ad.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRESSES, ladies' tailor made suits, jackets remodeled, genuine French accordeon plaiting, also baby accordeon plaits for light goods such as silks, mousseline de soie, etc. 126 E. Tremont street, two doors from East street.


FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
IS A FIRM WALL OF DEFENSE
Foley & Co.
GENTLEMEN:—I had a severe cold which settled on my lungs. I tried a number of advertised remedies and several physicians, but received no benefit. I was in despair when Foley's Honey and Tar was recommended, but a few doses gave great relief. I could sleep and the hacking cough ceased. Two bottles cured me entirely. It saved my life.
S. F. FRITZ,
697 Sedgwick St., Chicago, Ill.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

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